

# Logistik Forum Lübeck 2016.09.12 Presentation of Port of Trelleborg







## The Port of Trelleborg









**One of five Core Ports in Sweden** 

**Largest Ro-Ro-port in Scandinavia** 

Second in Sweden in terms of cargo volumes in ton

The largest railway port in the Baltic Sea's

The largest rail ferries in the world







## Port of Trelleborg - the "RoRo Specialist"

#### 2015:

Turnover:

227 MSEK : 133

Number of employees – Direct:

11 mton

Tonnage:

Number of arrivals/departures: 10 008

Business areas:

Ferry Line Traffic

RoRo

Logistics

**Property** 

We expand the port capacity and will create the cleanest port in the Baltic Sea





## Volumes 2015

Arrivals & departures/day 28

Cargo (million tons) 11,0

**Trailers** 126 000

Trucks 548 000

Railway carriages 22 000

Passengers 1 713 000

Cars/Caravans 382 000

Buses 3 000

Conventional 21

Intermodal 21 000





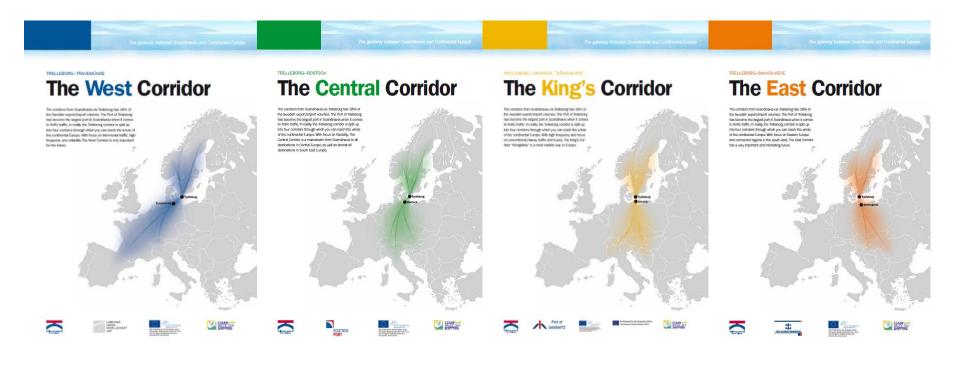








## **Transport Corridors**

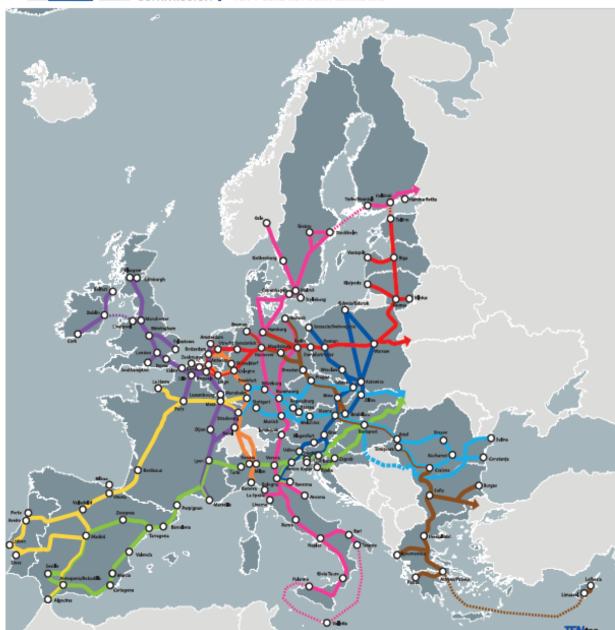




# **Connecting two** corridors

- Scandinavian Mediterranean
- **Baltic Adriatic**









## Rail activities in Port of Trelleborg

#### Conventional rail with ferries to Rostock and Sassnitz

- Decreasing volume
- Today about 22 000 waggons/year
- Year 2000 the volume was about 200 000 waggons/year!

#### Intermodal rail

- The port has two terminals
- One new build with 2 x 750 meter (full length track) (Kombi Syd)
- One with 350 meter (former Kombi Öst)
- All cargo handling performed by Reach stackers



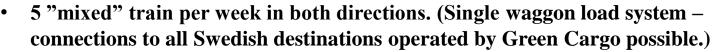




### **Intermodal Rail Connections**

#### **Green Cargo**





#### **TX-Logistik**

- 5 trains per week in both directions Trelleborg Eskilstuna
- 1 train per week Stockholm Årsta (weekend)



#### **CargoNet**

• 3 trains per week Trelleborg – Alnabru (Oslo) in both directions (Started 3/9-16)







## **Tendencies**

#### **Volume**

Western corridor: Stable volume

Central corridor: Growth

• East corridor: Big growth



• If a political decision for a 2-way rail strategy not will be taken, we do not see any future with railway ferries.

#### **Domestic Intermodal**

- We see a slight decline in the volume growth for domestic intermodal transports
- Reasons are enough amount of "low cost" carriers as well as a result of low fuel prices









## Threats and opportunities (!)

#### Fehmarn-connection and transit via Denmark

• Provided that the bottlenecks in Sweden will be built off, the new connection will of course be a challenge.

#### **Example of bottlenecks are:**

- The Öresund bridge itself capacity on the tracks
- Conflicts with passenger/commuter traffic
- Hinterland infrastructure and marshalling yards
- More maintenance and repair works on the bridge in the future

#### **Political decisions**

- Taxes
- Traffic limitations

#### **Development of fuel prices!**









## Threats and opportunities (!)





- In comparison with the route over the ports a lot more players are involved.
   That could be:
  - Various train operators
  - Ports
  - Terminal operators
  - Ferry operators
- The route over the ports must be and also remain attractive, efficient, reliable and also competitive
- To obtain this attraction we believe it will be necessary that all players in the transport chain must create a very tight collaboration when it comes to:
  - Schedules! Must be adapted to each other
  - More transparency in pricing
  - Joint computer system or similar
  - Involve shippers





## Port of Trelleborg activities



Example of some projects, with focus on more and better collaboration between various stakeholders:

**Swiftly Green** 

**EU Project** 



NINA – Cargo Stream

A part of and a continuation of Swiftly Green

Cluster 2

Next step from 2017?





## Port of Trelleborg activities

#### **Swiftly Green:**

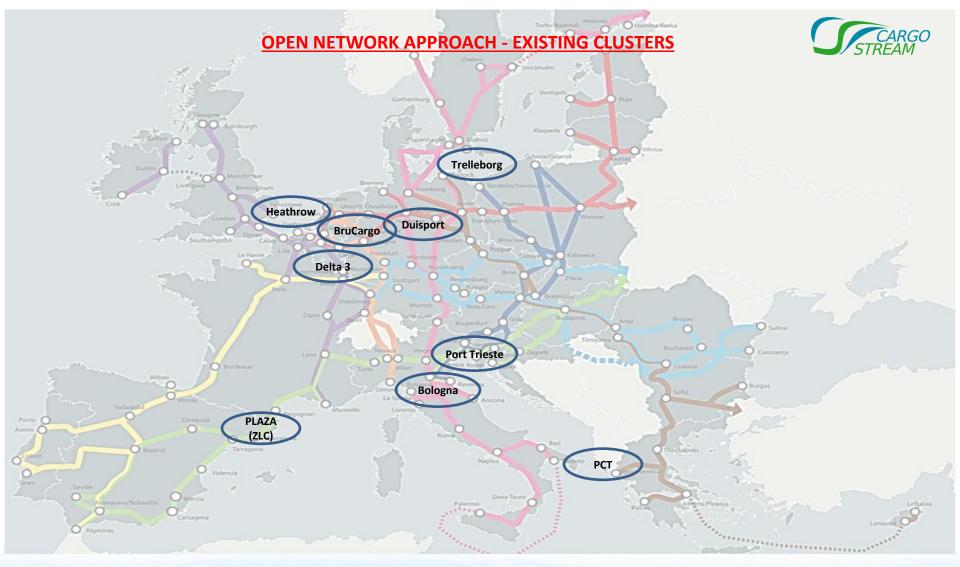
• We established a model for a seamless intermodal transport solution between Finland and Sweden

#### **NINA** (Cargo stream):

- A continuation and extension of the Swiftly Green project
- The aim is to extend the intermodal approach. Simply described the idea is a 8 step approach:
  - 1. Build terminal network
  - 2. The terminals engage shippers
  - 3. Definition of hot lanes
  - 4. Shippers commit volumes
  - 5. Purchasing of traction
  - 6. Intermodal service in operation
  - 7. Governance of the intermodal service
  - 8. Expansion of the intermodal service











# Thank you!